

SUBJECT CODE			TEACHING & EVALUATION SCHEME										
		CATEGORY SUBJECT NAME	Т	HEORY	PRACT								
	CATEGORY		END SEM University Exam	Two Term Exam	Teachers Assessme nt*	END SEM University Exam	Teachers Assessme nt*	L	Т	Р	CREDITS		
ML-301	Compulsory	Environme nt and Energy Studies	60	20	20	0	0	4	0	0	4		

ML-301 ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY STUDIES

Legends: L - Lecture; T - Tutorial/Teacher Guided Student Activity; P - Practical; C - Credit;

*Teacher's Assessment shall be based upon following components: Quiz/Assignment/ Project/Participation in Class, given that no component shall exceed more than 10 marks.

Course Objectives :

- 1. Understand sources of information required for addressing environmental challenges.
- 2. Identify a suite of contemporary tools and techniques in environmental informatics.
- 3. Apply literacy, numeracy and critical thinking skills to environmental problem-solving.

Course Outcomes

- 1. Apply the principles of ecology and environmental issues that apply to air, land and water issues on a global scale.
- 2. Develop critical thinking and/or observation skills, and apply them to the analysis of a problem or question related to the environment.
- 3. Demonstrate ecology knowledge of a complex relationship between predators, prey, and the plant community.

Unit I: Environmental Pollution and Control Technologies - Environmental Pollution & Control: Classification of pollution, Air Pollution: Primary and secondary pollutants, Automobile and industrial pollution, Ambient air quality standards. Water pollution: Sources and types, Impacts of modern agriculture, degradation of soil. Noise Pollution: Sources and Health hazards, standards, Solid Waste management composition and characteristics of e - Waste and its management. Pollution control technologies: Wastewater Treatment methods: Primary, Secondary and Tertiary.

Unit II: Natural Resources - Classification of Resources: Living and Non - Living resources, water resources: use and over utilization of surface and ground water, floods and droughts, Dams: benefits and problem, Mineral resources: use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, Land resources: Forest resources, Energy resources:

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Growing energy needs, renewable energy source, case studies.

Unit III: Ecosystems: Definition, Scope and Importance ecosystem. Classification, Structure and function of an ecosystem, Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids. Energy flow in the ecosystem, Biogeochemical cycles, Bioaccumulation, Ecosystem Value, Devices and Carrying Capacity, Field visits.

Unit IV: Biodiversity and its Conservation - Introduction - Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity. Bio-geographical classification of India - Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values - . Biodiversity at global, National and local levels. - . India as a megadiversity nation - Hot-sports of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man wild life conflicts; Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation. National Biodiversity Act.

Unit V: Environmental Policy, Legislation & EIA - Environmental Protection act, Legal aspects Air Act- 1981, Water Act, Forest Act, Municipal solid waste management and handling rules, biomedical waste management and handling rules, hazardous waste management and handling rules. EIA: EIA structure, methods of baseline data acquisition. Overview on Impacts of air, water, biological and Socio- economical aspects. Strategies for risk assessment, Concepts of Environmental Management Plan (EMP)

Recommended Readings:

- 1. Agarwal, K.C. (2001). Environmental Biology. Bikaner: Nidi Pub. Ltd.
- 2. Brunner, R.C. (1993). Hazardous Waste Incineration. New Delhi: McGraw Hill Inc.
- 3. Clank, R.S. (2001). Marine Pollution. New York: Oxford University Press.
- 4. De, A.K. (2001). Environmental Chemistry. New Delhi: Wiley Western Ltd.
- 5. Bharucha, Erach (2005). *Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses.* New Delhi: University Grants Commission.
- 6. Rajagopalan, R. (2006). Environmental Studies. New York: Oxford University Press.
- 7. AnjiReddy, M. (2006). *Textbook of Environmental Sciences and Technology*. BS Publication.
- 8. Wright, Richard T. (2008). *Environmental Science: towards a sustainable future* .New Delhi: PHL Learning Private Ltd.
- 9. Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela .(2008). *Environmental Engineering and science*. University Kindom: PHI Learning Pvt Ltd.
- Botkin ,Daniel B. & Edwards A. Keller(2008). Environmental Science. New Delhi: Wiley INDIA edition.
- 11. Kaushik ,Anubha (2009).*Environmental Studies*. New Delhi: New age international publishers.

Shri Vaishnav Vidyapeeth Vishavavidyalaya

DEGREE PROGRAM

B.Sc III Sem

SUBJECT CODE			TEACHING &EVALUATION SCHEME									
		SUBJECT NAME	THEORY			PRACTICAL						
	Category		End Sem Uni- versity Exam	Two Term Exam	Teac hers As- sess- ment *	End Sem Uni- versi- ty Exam	Tea cher s As- sess men t*	Th	т	Р	CREDITS	
BSPH302	DC	Electronics: Principles and Devices	60	20	20	30	20	3	1	4	6	

 $\label{eq:Legends: L-Lecture; T-Tutorial/Teacher Guided Student Activity; P-Practical; C-Credit; Q/A-Quiz/Assignment/Attendance, MST MidSem Test.$

*Teacher Assessment shall be based on following components: Quiz/Assignment/ Project/Participation in class (Given that no component shall be exceed 10 Marks)

Course Objectives:-

- 1. To develop the comprehensive understanding of laws of physics related toElectronics: Principles and Devicesand ability to apply them for laying the foundation for research and development.
- 2. To work ethically as member as well as leader in a diverse team.

Course Outcomes:-

- 1. Student will be able to understand and solve the problems related toElectronics: Principles and Devices,
- 2. Student will be able to determine physical parameter experimentally with optimal usage of resources and complete the assignments in time.

BSPH 302- Electronics: Principles and Devices

Unit 1:-

Classical FE Model, Debye Model, Summer Field FE Model, Band Model, Kronig-Penney Model, Effective Mass, Formulation of Energy Bands, Gap in Solids, Motion of e⁻ in Metals, Density of States, Fermi Level, Fermi Velocity and Fermi Dirac Distribution of e⁻ Inside a Matter.

Unit-2

Semiconductors; Intrinsic-semiconductors, electrons and holes, Fermi Level, Temperature dependence of electron and hole concentrations Doping: impurity states, n and p type semiconductors, conductivity, mobility, Hall Effect, Hall Coefficient. Semiconductor devices: Metal-semiconductor junction, p-n junction, majority and minority carriers,

Unit-3

Zener and tunnel diodes, light emitting diode, solar cell Diode as a circuit element, load line concept, rectification, ripple & factor, Zener diode, voltage stabilization, IC voltage regulation. FETs: Field effect transistorsJEET, BJT, MOSFET, Transistors, Characteristics of a transistor in CB, CE and CC mode, h-parameters,

Unit-4

Amplifiers, Small signal amplifiers; General Principle of operation, classification, distortion, RC coupled amplifier, gain frequency response, input and output impedance, multistage amplifiers. Transformer coupled amplifiers, Equivalent circuits at low, medium and high frequencies, emitter follower, low frequency common source and common drain amplifier, Noise in electronic circuits.

Unit-5

Oscillators, Feedback in amplifiers, principle, its effects on amplifiers, characteristicsPrinciple of feedback amplifier,,Barkhausen criteria, Hartley, Colpitt and Wein bridge oscillators.Condition for oscillations and frequency derivation - Crystal oscillator - UJT Relaxation oscillator.Monostable, Bi-stable and Astable multivibrators

References:

- 1. Introduction to Solid State Physics C. Kittel
- 2. Solid State Physics : R.L, Singhal
- 3. Micro Electronics J- Millman and A. Grabel
- 4. Electronic Devices and Circuits : MillmanHalkias
- 5. Electronic Devices Circuits and Applications : J.D. Ryder
- 6. Electronic Devices and Circuits: Robert Baylested and Louis Nashelsky

List of Experiments (Any Eight)

- 1. Find V-I characteristics of PN Junction Diode.
- 2. To Find V-I characteristics of Zener Diode
- 3. To Find V-I characteristics of Tunnel Diode
- 4. To Find V-I characteristics of Photo Diode
- 5. To find Input/output characteristics of common base PNP/NPN transistor.
- 6. To find Input/output characteristics of common emitter PNP/NPN transistor.
- 7. Determination of Energy band gap (Eg) using PN Junction Diode.
- 8. Study of regulated power supply.
- 9. Determination of Energy band gap ' E_g ' of Ge using Four Probe method.
- 10. To Study Frequency of Hartley oscillator
- 11. To Study Frequency of Wein bridge oscillator
- 12. Study of RC coupled amplifiers



U.G. PROGRAM B. Sc. Physics (Hons.)

SEM-III-Paper-II

Nuclear and Particle Physics

SUBJECT CODE			Т	EACHI	NG &	EVAL	UATI	ON S	CHF	EME	
			TH	PRA CA							
	Categor y	SUBJECT NAME	End Sem Univers ity Exam	Two Ter m Exa m	Tea che rs Ass ess men t	End Sem Uni vers ity Exa m	Te ac her s As ses sm ent	Th	Т	Р	CREDITS
BSPHPH303	DC	Nuclear and Particle Physics	60	20	20	0	0	4	0	0	4

Course Objectives:-

- To develop the comprehensive understanding of laws of Nuclear and Particle Physics and ability to apply them for laying the foundation for research and development.
- > To work ethically as member as well as leader in a diverse team.

Course Outcomes:-

- Student will be able to understand and solve the problems related to Nuclear and Particle Physics.
- Student will be able to determine physical parameter experimentally with optimal usage of resources and complete the assignments in time.



BSPHPH303: Nuclear and Particle Physics

UNIT 1 General Properties of Nuclei: Constituents of nucleus and their Intrinsic properties, quantitative facts about mass, radii, charge density (matter density), binding energy, average binding energy and its variation with mass number, main features of binding energy versus mass number curve, N/A plot, angular momentum, parity, magnetic moment, electric moments, nuclear excites states.

UNIT 2 Nuclear Models: Liquid drop model approach, semi empirical mass formula and significance of its various terms, condition of nuclear stability, two nucleon separation energies, Fermi gas model (degenerate fermion gas, nuclear symmetry potential in Fermi gas), evidence for nuclear shell structure, nuclear magic numbers, basic assumption of shell model, concept of mean field, residual interaction, concept of nuclear force.

UNIT 3 Radioactivity decay: (a) Alpha decay: basics of α -decay processes, theory of α - -decay: energy β emission, Gamow factor, Geiger Nuttall law, α -decay spectroscopy. (b) β decay: energy kinematics for β decay, positron emission, electron capture, neutrino hypothesis. (c) β Kinematics for Gamma decay: Gamma rays emission & kinematics, internal conversion.

UNIT 4 Nuclear Reactions: Types of Reactions, Conservation Laws, kinematics of reactions, Q-value, reaction rate, reaction cross section, Concept of compound and direct Reaction, resonance reaction, Coulomb scattering (Rutherford scattering), Linear accelerator, Cyclotron, Synchrotrons

UNIT 5 Particle physics: Particle interactions; basic features, types of particles and its families. Symmetries and Conservation Laws: energy and momentum, angular momentum, parity, baryon number, Lepton number, Isospin, Strangeness and charm, concept of quark model, color quantum number and gluons.

Reference Books:

- 1. Introductory nuclear Physics by Kenneth S. Krane (Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., 2008).
- 2. Concepts of nuclear physics by Bernard L. Cohen. (Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1998).
- 3. Introduction to the physics of nuclei & particles, R.A. Dunlap. (Thomson Asia, 2004).
- 4. Introduction to High Energy Physics, D.H. Perkins, Cambridge Univ. Press.
- 5. Introduction to Elementary Particles, D. Griffith, John Wiley & Sons.
- Basic ideas and concepts in Nuclear Physics An Introductory Approach by Quarks and Leptons,
 F. Halzen and A.D. Martin, Wiley India, New Delhi.



Name of the Program:B. Sc. (Honours)

SUBJECT CODE				TEACHING & EVALUATION SCHEME									
	Category	SUBJECT NAME	THEORY			PRACTICAL			т	n	SL		
			END SEM	MST	Q/A	END SEM	Q/A	Th	Т	Р	CREDITS		
BSHMA 304	HONS	Integral Calculus and Differential Equations	60	20	20	-	-	4	0	-	4		

Course Objective

To introduce the students with the Fundamentals of the Integral Calculus and OrdinaryDifferential Equations.

Course Outcomes

After the successful completion of this course students will be able to

- 1. understand and apply the basics of the Integral Calculus .
- 2. evaluate Integrals of various types.
- 3. apply the techniques to find length, surface area and volume by integration.
- 4. know the reason behind formation and solution of Differential Equations.
- 5. understand and apply the basics of the Differential Equations.

Course Content:

<u>UNIT – I</u>

Integral Calculus: Integration of the form : $\int \frac{dx}{a\cos x + b\sin x + c}$, $\int \frac{a\cos x + b\sin x + c}{p\cos x + q\sin x + r} dx$ and

Integration of Rational functions. Evaluation of definite integrals. Integration as the limit of a sum (with equally spaced as well as unequal intervals). Reduction formulae of $\int \sin^m x dx \cos^n x dx$, $\int (\sin^m x/\cos^n x) dx$, $\int \tan^n x dx$ and associated problems (*m* and *n* are non-negative integers).

<u>UNIT – II</u>

Definition of Improper Integrals: Statements of (i) μ -test, (ii) Comparison test (Limit form excluded) – Simple problems only. Use of Beta and Gamma functions (convergence and important relations being assumed).Working knowledge of Double integral.



Name of the Program:B. Sc. (Honours)

<u>UNIT – III</u>

Applications: Rectification, Quadrature, Volume and Surface areas of solidsformed by revolution of plane curve and areas – Problems only.

<u>UNIT – IV</u>

Differential Equations:Order, degree and solution of an ordinary differential equation (ODE) inpresence of arbitrary constants. Formation of ODE.First order equations:(i) Variables separable.(ii) Homogeneous equations and equations reducible to homogeneous forms.(iii) Exact equations and those reducible to such equation.

<u>UNIT – V</u>

Euler's and Bernoulli's equations (Linear).Clairaut's Equations: General and Singular solutions.Simple applications : Orthogonal Trajectories.**Second order linear equations:** Second order linear differential equationswith constant. Coefficients. Euler's Homogeneous equations.

BOOKS:

- 1. Integral Calculus Shanti Narayan & P. K. Mittal (S. Chand & Co. Ltd.)
- 2.Integral Calculus H. S. Dhami (New Age International)
- 3Integral Calculus B. C. Das & B. N. Mukherjee (U. N. Dhur)
- 4. Differential & Integral Calculus (Vols. I & II) Courant & John.
- 5. Differential & Integral Calculus (Vol. I) N. Piskunov
- 6. Differential Equations Lester R. Ford (McGraw Hill).
- 7. Differential Equations S. L. Ross (John Wiley).
- 8. Differential Equations H. T. H. Piaggio.
- 9. A Text Book of Ordinary Differential Equations Kiseleyev, Makarenko&Krasnov (Mir).
- 10. Differential Equations H. B. Phillips (John Wiley & Sons).
- 11. Differential Equations with Application & Programs S. BalachandaRao, H.R. Anuradha (University Press).
- 12. Text Book of Ordinary Differential Equations (2nd Ed.) S. G. Deo, VLakshmikantham& V. Raghavendra (Tata McGraw Hill).
- 13. An Elementary Course in Partial Differential Equation T. Amarnath(Narosa).
- 14. An Introductory Course on Ordinary Differential Equation D. A. Murray.



SUBJECT CODE			TEACHING & EVALUATION SCHEME									
		SUBJECT NAME		THEORY		PRA						
	Category		END SEM University Exam	Two Term Exam	Teach ers Assess ment*	END SEM Unive rsity Exam	Teachers Assessment *	Th	Т	Р	CR EDI TS	
BSHCH 305	HONS	ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY & ADVANCE CONCEPT OF GENERAL CHEMISTRY - I	60	20	20	0	0	4	0	0	4	

Semester III (B.Sc. Honours) Chemistry Syllabus for Physics & Maths Honours

Legends: L - Lecture; T - Tutorial/Teacher Guided Student Activity; P – Practical; C - Credit; Q/A – Quiz/Assignment/Attendance, MST Mid Sem Test.

***Teacher Assessment** shall be based on following components: Quiz/Assignment/Project/ Participation in class, given that no component shall exceed more than 10 marks.

Course Objective:

- (i) To develop the understanding of fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry and General Chemistry.
- (ii) To give basic knowledge of Analytical Chemistry.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the students will be able to understand:

- (i) Fundamentals of Chemistry.
- (ii) Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry.

Analytical Chemistry & Advance Concept of General Chemistry - I

Unit I: Periodicity of Elements:

s, p, d, f block elements, the long form of periodic table. Detailed discussion of the following properties of the elements, with reference to s & p-block.

(a) Effective nuclear charge, shielding or screening effect, Slater rules, variation of effective nuclear charge in periodic table.

- (b) Atomic radii (van der Waals)
- (c) Ionic and crystal radii.
- (d) Covalent radii (octahedral and tetrahedral)

(e) Ionization enthalpy, Successive ionization enthalpies and factors affecting ionization energy. Applications of ionization enthalpy.

(f) Electron gain enthalpy, trends of electron gain enthalpy.



(g) Electro negativity, Pauling's/ Mulliken's/ Allred Rachow's/ and Mulliken-Jaffe's Electro negativity scales. Variation of electro negativity with bond order, partial charge, hybridization, group electro negativity. Sanderson's electron density ratio.

Unit II : Chemistry of Aliphatic Hydrocarbons

A. Carbon-Carbon sigma bonds

Chemistry of alkanes: Formation of alkanes, Wurtz Reaction, Wurtz- Fittig Reactions, Free radical substitutions: Halogenation - relative reactivity and selectivity.

B. Carbon-Carbon pi bonds

Formation of alkenes and alkynes by elimination reactions, Mechanism of E1, E2, E1cb reactions. Saytzeff and Hofmann eliminations.

Reactions of alkenes: Electrophilic additions their mechanisms (Markownikoff/ Anti

Markownikoff addition), mechanism of oxymercuration-demercuration, hydroboration-

oxidation, ozonolysis, reduction (catalytic and chemical), syn and anti hydroxylation (oxidation). 1, 2- and 1, 4- addition reactions in conjugated dienes and, Diels-Alder reaction; Allylic and benzylic bromination and mechanism, e.g. propene, 1-butene, toluene, ethyl benzene.

Reactions of alkynes: Acidity, Electrophilic and Nucleophilic additions. Hydration to form carbonyl compounds, Alkylation of terminal alkynes.

Unit III :Solid State:

Nature of the solid state, law of constancy of interfacial angles, law of rational indices, Miller indices, elementary ideas of symmetry, symmetry elements and symmetry operations, qualitative idea of point and space groups, seven crystal systems and fourteen Bravais lattices; X-ray diffraction, Bragg's law, a simple account of rotating crystal method and powder pattern method. Analysis of powder diffraction patterns of NaCl, CsCl and KCl. Defects in crystals.

Unit IV: Chemical Kinetics

Order and molecularity of a reaction, rate laws in terms of the advancement of a reaction, differential and integrated form of rate expressions up to second order reactions, experimental methods of the determination of rate laws, kinetics of complex reactions (integrated rate

expressions up to first order only): (i) Opposing reactions (ii) parallel reactions and (iii) consecutive reactions and their differential rate equations (steady-state approximation in reaction mechanisms) (iv) chain reactions. Temperature dependence of reaction rates; Arrhenius equation; activation energy. Collision theory of reaction rates, Lindemann mechanism, qualitative treatment of the theory of absolute reaction rates.

Surface chemistry: Physical adsorption, chemisorption, adsorption isotherms. nature of adsorbed state. Catalysis: Types of catalyst, specificity and selectivity.

Unit V : Optical methods of analysis:

Origin of spectra, interaction of radiation with matter, fundamental laws of spectroscopy and selection rules, validity of Beer-Lambert's law.



UV-Visible Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator and detector) for single and double beam instrument; Basic principle of quantitative analysis: estimation of metal ions from aqueous solution, geometrical isomers, keto-enol tautomers. Determination of composition of metal complexes using Job's method of continuous variation and mole ratio method.

Infrared Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator & detector) for single and double beam instrument; sampling techniques. Structural illustration through interpretation of data, Effect and importance of isotope substitution.

Books:

- 1. Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, ELBS.
- 2. Douglas, B.E. and Mc Daniel, D.H., *Concepts & Models of Inorganic Chemistry*, Oxford.
- 3. Atkins, P. W. & Paula, J. de *Atkin's Physical Chemistry* 8th Ed., Oxford University Press.
- 4. Ball, D. W. Physical Chemistry Thomson Press, India.
- 5. Vogel, Arthur I: *A Test book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis* (Rev. by GH Jeffery and others). The English Language Book Society of Longman.
- 6. Willard, Hobert H. *et. al: Instrumental Methods of Analysis*, Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA.



SUBJECT CODE			TEACHING & EVALUATION SCHEME									
	Category	SUBJECT NAME		THEORY		PRA						
			END SEM University Exam	Two Term Exam	Teach ers Assess ment*	END SEM Unive rsity Exam	Teachers Assessment *	Th	Т	Р	CR EDI TS	
BSHCH 405	HONS	ADVANCE CONCEPT OF GENERAL CHEMISTRY - II	60	20	20	0	0	4	0	0	4	

Semester IV (B.Sc. Honours) Chemistry Syllabus for Physics & Maths Honours

Legends: L - Lecture; T - Tutorial/Teacher Guided Student Activity; P – Practical; C - Credit; Q/A – Quiz/Assignment/Attendance, MST Mid Sem Test.

***Teacher Assessment** shall be based on following components: Quiz/Assignment/Project/ Participation in class, given that no component shall exceed more than 10 marks.

Course Objective:

- (i) To develop the understanding of fundamentals of Organic, Inorganic and Physical Chemistry.
- (ii) To give knowledge of Chemistry.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the students will be able to understand: Fundamentals & applications of Organic, Inorganic and Physical Chemistry.

ADVANCE CONCEPT OF GENERAL CHEMISTRY - II

Unit I: Carbonyl Compounds:

Structure, reactivity and preparation; Nucleophilic additions, Nucleophilic additionelimination reactions with ammonia derivatives with mechanism; Mechanisms of Aldol and Benzoin condensation, Knoevenagel condensation, Claisan-Schmidt, Perkin, Cannizzaro and Wittig reaction, Beckmann and Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangements, haloform reaction and Baeyer Villiger oxidation, α -substitution reactions, oxidations and reductions (Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, LiAlH4, NaBH4, MPV, PDC and PGC); Addition reactions of unsaturated carbonyl compounds: Michael addition. Active methylene compounds: Keto-enol tautomerism. Preparation and synthetic applications of diethyl malonate and ethyl acetoacetate:

Unit II: Carbohydrates

Occurrence, classification and their biological importance Monosaccharides: Constitution and absolute configuration of glucose and fructose, epimers and anomers, mutarotation, determination of ring size of glucose and fructose, Haworth projections and conformational structures; Interconversions of aldoses and ketoses; Killiani-Fischer synthesis and Ruff degradation; Disaccharides – Structure elucidation of maltose, lactose and sucrose



Polysaccharides – Elementary treatment of starch, cellulose and glycogen.

Unit III : Chemical thermodynamics:

Intensive and extensive variables; state and path functions; isolated, closed and open systems; zeroth law of thermodynamics.

First law: Concept of heat, q, work, w, internal energy U and statement of first law; enthalpy, H, relation between heat capacities, calculations of q, w, U and H for reversible, irreversible and free expansion of gases (ideal and van der Waals) under isothermal and adiabatic conditions.

Thermochemistry: Heats of reactions: standard states; enthalpy of formation of molecules and ions and enthalpy of combustion and its applications; calculation of bond energy, bond dissociation energy and resonance energy from thermochemical data, effect of temperature (Kirchoff's equations) and pressure on enthalpy of reactions. Adiabatic flame temperature, explosion temperature.

Second Law: Concept of entropy; thermodynamic scale of temperature, statement of the second law of thermodynamics; molecular and statistical interpretation of entropy. Calculation of entropy change for reversible and irreversible processes.

Unit IV: Electrochemistry

Quantitative aspects of Faraday's laws of electrolysis, rules of oxidation/reduction of ions based on half-cell potentials, applications of electrolysis in metallurgy and industry. Chemical cells, reversible and irreversible cells with examples. Electromotive force of a cell and its measurement, Nernst equation; Standard electrode (reduction) potential and its application to different kinds of half-cells. Qualitative discussion of potentiometric titrations (acid-base, redox, precipitation).

Unit V: Coordination Chemistry

Werner's theory, valence bond theory (inner and outer orbital complexes), Electro neutrality principle and back bonding. Crystal field theory, measurement of 10 Dq (\Box o), CFSE in weak and strong fields, pairing energies, factors effecting the magnitude of 10 Dq (\Box o, \Box t). Octahedral vs. tetrahedral coordination, tetragonal distortions from octahedral geometry Jahn-Teller theorem, square planar geometry. Qualitative aspect of Ligand field and MO Theory. IUPAC nomenclature of coordination compounds, isomerism in coordination compounds. Stereochemistry of complexes with 4 and 6 coordination numbers. Chelate

Books:

- 1. Atkins, P. W. & Paula, J. de *Atkin's Physical Chemistry* 8th Ed., Oxford University Press.
- 2. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
- 3. Engel, T. & Reid, P. *Thermodynamics, Statistical Thermodynamics, & Kinetics* Pearson Education, Inc: New Delhi (2007).
- 4. McQuarrie, D. A. & Simon, J. D. Molecular Thermodynamics Viva Books
- 5. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. *Organic Chemistry*, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
- 6. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson

